

Yr7 (KS3)	Topic Area	Knowledge that is taught	Examples of key compulsory practicals for students	Knowledge/Skills revisited and to be revisited	What does good look like?	Resources/supp ort at home
1	Big Idea 3 Energy 1 3.1 Energy Costs (sub-topic 1) 3.2 Energy Transfer and Conservation of energy (sub-topic 2)	3.1 Calculating the costs (economic costs and health costs) of using the stored energy in food, fuels and natural resources. 3.2 The amount of energy in the Universe is the same but can be transferred from one energy store to another store in useful and unuseful ways.	Practical: Food as fuel Compare the energy content of different foods Practical: Comparing efficiency of lamps Measure the energy dissipated as heat of different household bulbs.	Expected prior knowledge: KS2 Y7 2.1 Potential difference and resistance 4.1 Sound 4.2 Light Y8 3.3 Work 3.4 Heating and cooling 8.4 Digestion and Unhealthy diets Y9 P3 Energy Resources Maths skills at KS3 & GCSE - Rearranging of formulae Efficiency Equation - Y10 GCSE P1.5	Please see the published checklists at the beginning of each Big Idea. For students to be assessed to have 'mastered' the curriculum they should be competent in the Know and Apply criteria of the curriculum. Links: Checklist 3.1 Checklist 3.2	Kerboodle suite (online textbook and activities assigned by teacher) BBC Bitesize KS3: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/top ics/zc3g87h
2	Big Idea 8 Organisms 1 8.1 Movement 8.2 Cells	8.1 The levels of organisation in a human body and how our joints and muscles work	Required enquiry skill AT2: Producing and recording a clearly focused image of an object Examining plant and animal	Expected prior knowledge: To be revisited in:	Links: Checklist 8.1 Checklist 8.2	BBC Bitesize: https://www.bbc. co.uk/bitesize/top ics/znyycdm



			I	1	1	
		8.2	cells by mounting tissue on	10.1 Human		
		The function and structure of	a slide and observing under	reproduction		
		animal and plant cells.	a microscope			
		Comparing and explaining,		Y8		
		using examples sampled and	Project: Model of	8.3 Breathing		
		observed under microscope,	Specialised Cell	8.4 Digestion		
		the differences between	Create a 3D model of a			
		specialised cells	specialised cell. This should	Year 9 B1 Cell Structure		
			be in the style of a Science	and Transport		
			Museum display model			
			including detailed			
			explanations of the			
			features and functions of a			
			specialised cell.			
3	Big Idea 5	5.1 Understand why different	Required enquiry skill AT	Expected prior	Links:	BBC Bitesize:
	Matter 1	substances can be categorised	1: Heat a measured	knowledge:	Checklist <u>5.1</u>	https://www.bbc.
	5.1 The Particle	as solid, liquid or gas; explain	volume of water until	KS2	Checklist <u>5.2</u>	co.uk/bitesize/top
	Model	the properties of each state of	almost boiling, having	Some materials will		ics/z9r4jxs
		matter and what happens	selected and used	dissolve in liquid to form		
	5.2 Separating	when substances change from	appropriate equipment	a solution; describe how		https://www.bbc.
	Mixtures	one state to another using the	Making a prediction about	to recover a substance		co.uk/bitesize/top
		ideas of particles and energy	diffusion and testing this	from a solution; use		ics/zkr4jxs
			prediction	knowledge of solids,		
		5.2 How can substances be		liquids and gases to		https://www.bbc.
		separated from their	Required enquiry skill AT	decide how mixtures		co.uk/bitesize/top
		solutions; what affects the	3: Find out at regular	might be separated,		ics/zych6g8
		solubility of a substance	intervals	including filtering,		
			the temperature of water	sieving and evaporating;		
			being heated and tabulate	dissolving, mixing and		
			observations to reveal the	changes of state are		
			pattern	reversible		
			Which is the best			
			temperature for making a	Knowledge revisited in:		



			cup of tea?	Y7		
			cup of tea:	6.1 Acids and Alkalis;		
			Doguined enguing skill AT	<u>'</u>		
			Required enquiry skill AT	making salts		
			4: Separate ingredients	Y8		
			from mixtures using			
			appropriate techniques	3.4 Heating and Cooling		
			such as evaporation,	5.4 Periodic Table		
			filtration, chromatography	8.2 Movement of		
			Separate sea water using	substances		
			appropriate separation	8.3 Gas exchange		
			techniques			
				Year 9		
			Practical: Distillation			
			Separate ink and water by			
			distillation			
			Practical: Chromatography			
			analysis of different colour			
			inks			
			Determine by			
			chromatography which inks			
			are solutes			
4	Forces 1	1.1 Understand that the	Practical: Measuring force	Expected prior	<u>Links:</u>	BBC Bitesize:
	1.1 Speed	change in movement of an	Required enquiry skill AT	knowledge: KS2 Forces	Checklist 1.1	https://www.bbc.
		object requires force and that	5: Measure the speed of a	and their effects.	Checklist 1.2	co.uk/bitesize/top
		this force can be contact or	moving object using			ics/z4brd2p
	1.2 Gravity	non-contact; Calculate the	appropriate equipment	Knowledge revisited in:		
		resultant force on objects and	Investigating the average	Y7		
		predict the determine the	speed of a trolley on a	4.1 Waves: Speed of		
		motion of the object; explain	ramp	Sound and Light		
		how to tell the story of the				
		motion of an object using the		7.2 Earth: Gravitational		
		average speed equation and		forces between planets		
		distance-time graphs				



			Y8		
		1.2 Understand that the	Forces		
		gravitational force of weight	1.3 Friction, Drag;		
		acting on our bodies is the	Moments; Terminal		
		same force that acts on all the	Velocity		
		bodies in the Solar System and			
		know how to calculate the	1.4 Pressure, force and		
		weight of any object with	area		
		mass			
			24 Magnetism and		
			magnetic fields		
			3.3 Energy: Work done		
			by a force		
5	Big Idea 7 Earth	7.1	Expected prior	<u>Links:</u>	BBC Bitesize:
	1	How we classify rocks	knowledge:	Checklist 7.1	Rocks -
	7.1 Rocks	How materials are recycled in	KS2: categorising	Checklist 7.2	https://www.bbc.
		the rock cycle	materials based on their		co.uk/bitesize/top
	7.2 The Universe		properties; the position		ics/z3fv4wx
		7.2 Understanding the scale	and orbital movement of		
		and size of our Solar System	the Earth, Moon and		Space -
		and galaxy; understanding	Sun.		https://www.bbc.
		how the movement of the			co.uk/bitesize/top
		Earth and Moon explains the	Rocks can be classified		ics/z8c9q6f
		seasons and the observations	according to their		
		we make of the Sun and the	properties		
		night sky;	Properties of rocks		
		understanding why it is hotter	depends on how they		
		in August than in December in	were formed		
		Britain but the other way	The Earth and other		
		around in Australia;	planets orbit the Sun		
		Understanding that ideas	The Moon orbits the		
		about the Universe have	Earth, and other planets		
		about the Universe have	Earth, and other planets		



		changed based on new		can have moons.		
		evidence.		The Earth spins on its		
				axis, which explains why		
				we have day and night.		
				Light travels in straight		
				lines and explains why		
				shadows form.		
				Shadows form.		
				Knowledge revisited in:		
				Y7		
				1.2 Gravity		
				4.2 Light (shadows Y6?)		
				Y8		
				7.4 Earth resources		
				GCSE		
				C14 EArth REsources		
				P16 Space (Separate		
				Sciences)		
6	Big Idea 9	9.1 Understand competition	Practical: Flower dissection	Expected prior	<u>Links:</u>	BBC Bitesize:
	Ecosystems 1	for resources that occurs	Follow instructions to	knowledge:	Checklist <u>9.1</u>	https://www.bbc.
	9.1	within the organisation of an	dissect a flower and	Food chains show	Checklist <u>9.2</u>	<pre>co.uk/bitesize/top</pre>
	Interdependenc	ecosystem; understand how	examine the reproductive	feeding relationships		<u>ics/zxhhvcw</u>
	е	small changes, such as	organs and features of a	Environments can		
	9.2 Plant	infection or human	plant.	change and may pose		https://www.bbc.
	Reproduction	interference with the		dangers to living things		co.uk/bitesize/top
		environment, can affect the		Plants need light, space,		ics/zhssgk7
		populations of the ecosystem		water and minerals		
				togrow		Plants:
		9.2 Understand how wind and		Many flowers reproduce		https://www.bbc.
		insect pollinated flowers		by pollen transfer so		co.uk/bitesize/gui
		reproduce by studying the		seeds can be made.		des/zs7thyc/revisi
		steps of reproduction from				<u>on/1</u>



		pollination to fertilisation		Y7		
				10.1 Variation		
				Y8		
				10.3 Evolution and		
				natural selection		
				Thatarar Scientific		
				GCSE:		
		_				
7	Big Idea 4	4.1 How do instruments create	4.2.2; 4.2.3 Drawing Wave	Expected prior	<u>Links:</u>	BBC Bitesize:
	Waves 1	sounds? How do we hear	diagrams	knowledge:	Checklist 4.1	https://www.bbc.
	4.1 Sound	those sounds? Understand	(reflection/refraction)		Checklist <u>4.2</u>	co.uk/bitesize/top
		how the frequency and		How shadows form		ics/zw982hv
	4.2 Light	wavelength are linked	Practical: Investigating	Different thickness		
		mathematically and apply the	Reflection	objects make different		
		knowledge of skills of		sounds		
		describing sound waves to	Practical: Investigating			
		explain how our ears	Refraction	Work revisited in:		
		distinguish between sounds by		1.1 Speed		
		their pitch and volume.	Practical: Modelling the			
			Eye and the Camera	2488		
		4.2 Why does the lightning		2.1 P.D. and resistance		
		arrive before the thunder?		(microphones)		
		Understand how we see		VO.		
		luminous and non-luminous		Y8 4.3 Wave effects and		
		objects of different colours				
		and how shadows cause		energy transfer		
		eclipses; Understand that the		4.4 Wave properties and		
		wave model explains the		more detailed use of the		
		behaviour of light when it is		wave(front) model		
		reflected by surfaces and				
		refracted through transparent		GCSE:		
		materials; understand how		P12 Waves		

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8	Big Idea 6 Reactions 1 6.1 Acids and Alkalis 6.2 Metals and Non-metals	lenses can correct imperfect vision 6.1 Understand the difference between physical (change of state) and chemical changes (reactions); understand how to test and compare acids and alkalis (bases) and name some typical household examples; explain how salts can be formed during useful neutralisation reactions 6.2 Understand how bases and salts can be formed during the	Required enquiry skill AT 6: Measure changes in the pH of solutions using indicators 6.1.3 Measuring pH changes Required enquiry skill AT 7: Observe and investigate a range of chemical reactions using equipment appropriately 6.2.6 Interpreting	P13 Electromagnetic Specturm Expected prior knowledge: KS2 Some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, eg. burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda	Links: Checklist 6.1 Checklist 6.2	BBC Bitesize: https://www.bbc. co.uk/bitesize/top ics/zn6hvcw https://www.bbc. co.uk/bitesize/top ics/zypsgk7
		neutralisation reactions	a range of chemical reactions using equipment	burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of		

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9	Big Idea 2	2.1 Understand that potential	Required enquiry skill AT	Expected prior	Links:	BBC Bitesize:
	Electromagnets	difference tells you about the	8: Build electrical circuits	knowledge:	Checklist 2.1	https://www.bbc.
	2.1Potential	force on the charges in a	using various components		Checklist 2.2	co.uk/bitesize/top
	Difference and	circuit and about how energy	and measure current and	1.1 and 1.2 Non-contact		ics/zgy39j6
	Resistance	is transferred; state that	voltage using an ammeter	forces		
	2.2 Current	current flows when there is a	and voltmeter	101003		
		potential difference across a	Investigating the resistance	3.1 how electricity is		
		conductor; measure the	of	generated and how we		
		potential difference and	conducting dough	pay for it		
		calculate the resistance of				
		components in a variety of	Required enquiry skill AT	Work revisited in:		
		circuits, identifying patterns	9: Represent and interpret	Y8		
			a range of simple circuit	2.3 Electromagnets and		
		2.2 Understand that current is	diagrams using	how to make them		
		a rate of flow of charged	appropriate symbols	2.4 Magnetism and fields		
		objects and happens because	Should be a component of			
		of a potential difference; be	every electrical circuits	GCSE:		
		able to determine the current	practical in Years 7&8.	P4 Electric Circuits		
		in a circuit using the resistance		P5 Electricity in the		
		equation and measurement;	Practical: charging and	home		
		understand how insulators	discharging insulators and			
		become charged and how the	using a model to explain			
		discharge current can be	the observations.			
		hazardous				
10	Big Idea 10	1.1 Observe categorise and	Collecting variation data	Expected prior	<u>Links:</u>	BBC Bitesize:
	Genes 1	analyse variation in	(Tabulating, Recording,	knowledge:	Checklist 10.1	https://www.bbc.
	1.1 Variation	populations and suggest how	graph drawing)		Checklist 10.2	co.uk/bitesize/top
	1.2 Human	variations can be considered		KS2		ics/zybbkqt
	reproduction	adaptations to the		Describe: differences in		
		environment in an ecosystem		the life cycles of		
				mammal, amphibian,		
				insect and bird; the life		

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		process of reproduction	
		in some plants and	
		animals	
		9.1 Ecosystems	
		Y8	
		10.3 Evolution and	
		natural selection	



Yr8 (KS3)	Topic Area	Knowledge/Skills that are taught	Examples of key compulsory practicals for students (SE details)	Knowledge/Skills revisited and to be revisited	What does good look like?	Resources/suppo rt at home
1	Big Idea 3 Energy 2 3.3 Work 3.4 Heating and Cooling	3.1 Use work done = force x distance to compare the work done by different machines; explain using the application of W=fd and the conservation of energy how levers and pulleys can make a physical job easier. 3.2 Describe the ways that energy can be transferred using particle and wave models; explain how each energy transfer can be insulated and the importance of tis in our home.	Class practical: Students measure the time for their body heat to raise the temperature of a thermometer using choice of 3 different conduction materials (aluminium; cotton; polyester; wool) Class practical: IR radiation absorption and boiling tubes painted silver/black	Expected prior knowledge: Y7 4.2 light waves 5.1 the particle model and changing state GCSE: P1 Conservation of energy P2 Heat transfer	Please see the published checklists at the beginning of each Big Idea. For students to be assessed to have 'mastered' the curriculum they should be competent in the Know and Apply criteria of the curriculum. Links: Checklist 3.3 Checklist 3.4	BBC Bitesize: https://www.bbc.c o.uk/bitesize/topic s/zc3g87h
2	Big Idea 5 Matter 2 5.3 Elements 5.4 Periodic Table	5.3 Understand how substances are made of atoms and describe the difference between elements and compounds; describe the structure of polymers and their uses; know the relationship between the chemical formula of a substance and composition/ratio of atoms of the substance	Teacher Demo: Group 1 reactions (alkali metals) Class practical: Identify trends and make predictions based on the some Group 7 (halogens) reactions.	Expected prior knowledge: Y7 6.2 Metals and nonmetals – reactions with acid/oxygen/water and displacement reactions Knowledge revisited in: Y8 7.3 Climate and impact	Links: Checklist 5.3 Checklist 5.4	BBC Bitesize: https://www.bbc.c o.uk/bitesize/topic s/zstp34j

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			T	T	T	
		5.4 Understand how the periodic		on environment		
		table was created and the				
		relationship between the		GCSE:		
		position of the element and its		C1 Atomic Structure		
		properties; describe and explain		C2 The Periodic Table		
		the patterns of reactivity in key				
		Groups (1, 7 and 0) and predict				
		the products of reactions of				
		those elements.				
3	Big Idea 8	Recovery Curriculum - Review	Required enquiry skill AT	Expected prior	Links:	BBC Bitesize:
	Organisms 2	and consolidation of Year 7 work	10: Carry out practical	knowledge:	Checklist 8.3	https://www.bbc.c
	8.3 Breathing	on organ systems and specialised	procedures using	Y7	Checklist 8.4	o.uk/bitesize/topic
	8.4 Digestion	cells form respiratory system	instructions without	8.1 Skeletal structure and		s/zvrrd2p
	-	8.3 Understand the mechanisms	guidance and in a calm	function		·
		for breathing and gas exchange;	fashion with due regard	1.4 Pressure		
		understand the effects of	to the safety of others:			
		recreational drugs, alcohol and	Testing foods for	Knowledge revisited in:		
		smoking on the human body	nutrients	Y8		
		8.4 Test common foods to		9.3 Respiration		
		identify the main food types and				
		discuss what constitutes a				
		healthy or unhealthy diet;				
		understand the physical and				
		chemical processes that take				
		place in the digestive system of				
		the human body that provide				
		reactants for reactions such as				
		respiration				
4	Big Idea 7 Earth	Recovery Curriculum - Review	Class practical: Thermal	Expected prior	Links:	BBC Bitesize:
	2	and consolidate Year 7 work on	decomposition of	knowledge:	Checklist 7.3	https://www.bbc.c
	7.3 Climate	structure of the Earth and	carbonates	Y7	Checklist 7.4	o.uk/bitesize/topic
	7.4 Earth	properties of rocks		5.4 Periodic Table		s/z3fv4wx
	resources	7.3 Understand what global	Class practical:			



		warming is and how the changing	exothermic and	Knowledge revisited in:		https://www.bbc.c
		levels of greenhouse gases	endothermic reactions	6.2 Metals and non-		o.uk/bitesize/topic
		alongside humanity's disruption		metals		s/zgvbkqt
		of the Carbon Cycle, affects the				
		temperature of the Earth's		GCSE:		
		atmosphere within a year and		C13 Our atmosphere		
		over the last 200 years; know the		C14 The Earth's Resources		
		evidence and arguments used to				
		link climate change to global				
		warming and human behaviour				
		7.4 Understand the methods that				
		extract useful, sometimes rare,				
		elements are from ores and be				
		able to explain the importance of				
		recycling methods.				
5	Big Idea 1	Recovery Curriculum - Review	Required enquiry skill AT	Expected prior	<u>Links:</u>	BBC Bitesize:
	Forces 2	and consolidation of Year 7 work	10: Carry out practical	knowledge:	Checklist 1.3	https://www.bbc.c
	1.3 Contact and	on resultant forces	procedures using	Y7	Checklist 1.4	o.uk/bitesize/topic
	non-contact	1.3 Understand how friction and	instructions without	1.1 Resultant forces and		s/z4brd2p
	forces	drag affect s resultant forces and	guidance and in a calm	balanced/unbalanced		
	1.4 Pressure	motion, and how to reduce it	fashion with due regard	forces		
		when it is not useful; understand	to the safety of others:			
		reaction forces and describe how	1.3.1 Investigating non-			
		forces can deform objects and	contact forces	Knowledge revisited in:		
		determine based on		GCSE		
		experimental results whether		P1 Work done against		
		objects obey Hooke's Law; use		friction; calculating elastic		
		the principle of moments to		potential energy		
		explain why objects fall over and		P10 Hooke's law and		
		calculate the moment of forces		extension of objects		
		on a lever or children's see-saw.		P14 Pressure in fluids		
		1.4 Be able to describe the cause				



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		of pressure in fluids and how				
		atmospheric pressure varies with				
		altitude; understand how liquids				
		can transmit pressure in a useful				
		way; understand that pressure				
		increase with depth and that this				
		causes upthrust; explain what is				
		meant by stress and how				
		footwear or vehicles are adapted				
		to minimise stress on surfaces				
		Both: Using pressure equations				
		to fluid pressure on surfaces and				
		stress pressure on solid surfaces				
5 I	Big Idea 9	9.3 Describe the processes		Expected prior	Links:	BBC Bitesize:
1	Ecosystems 2	aerobic and anaerobic		knowledge:	Checklist 9.3	
9	9.3	respiration transfer energy from		Y7	Checklist 9.4	
	Interdependenc	food to be used for growth,		8.2 Specialised plant cells		
6	e	movement and repair;		(palisade)		
9	9.4	understand how different		6.1 Word equations		
ı	Photosynthesis	exercises/activities will involve				
		aerobic and anaerobic		Knowledge revisited in:		
		respiration; describe how the		GCSE		
		fermentation processes of		Photosynthesis and		
		making bread, beer and wine		limiting factors;		
				transpiration		
		9.4 Describe how plants produce		Aerobic and anaerobic		
		food by photosynthesis and how		respiration processes		
		the structure of a leaf is adapted				
		for photosynthesis; investigate				
		the limiting factors of				
		photosynthesis and how farmers				
		can maximise plant growth				

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7	Big Idea 4	Recovery Curriculum - Review	Expected prior	<u>Links:</u>	BBC Bitesize:
	Waves 2	and consolidate Year 7 work on	knowledge:	Checklist 4.3	https://www.bbc.c
	4.3 Wave	light and sound waves,	4.1 Sound - wavelength	Checklist 4.4	o.uk/bitesize/topic
	effects	particularly volume/amplitude	and frequency		s/zw982hv
	4.4 Wave	and pitch/frequency of sound.	4.2 Light - reflection and		
	properties		refraction		
		4.3 describe how waves can	1.1 Calculating speed		
		transfer energy and how			
		microphones detect sound	Revisited in:		
		waves; state what ultrasound is	GCSE		
		and how it is used in medicine	P12 Wave properties		
		and industries; describe the	P13 Electromagnetic		
		electromagnetic spectrum and	spectrum		
		relate uses and dangers to the	P14 Light		
		energy of the wave			
		4.4 Use the wave model to:			
		compare transverse and			
		longitudinal waves; describe			
		what happens when waves reach			
		a surface or boundary and when			
		superimpose.			
8	Big Idea 10	Recovery Curriculum - Review	Expected prior	<u>Links:</u>	BBC Bitesize:
	Genes 2	and consolidate Year 7 work on	knowledge:	Checklist 10.3	https://www.bbc.c
	10.3 Variation	adaptations to habitat	Y7:	Checklist 10.4	o.uk/bitesize/topic
	10.4 Human	environment.	9.1 Ecosystems –		s/z6pp34j/resource
	reproduction		competition		<u>s/1</u>
		10.3 With reference to examples	10.1 Variation and		
		such as the peppered moth and	adapting to change		
		Darwin's finches, describe the	10.2 Fertilisation		
		theory of natural selection and			
		evaluate the evidence for natural	Knowledge revisited in:		
		selection the process of	GCSE		



		evolution; explain how extinction		DNAand the cause of		
		can occur and describe		variation		
		humanity's interference in		Genetic modification		
		ecosystems has endangered		Environmental changes		
		some species and how we can		and the impact humans		
		preserve biodiversity in other		have on biodiversity		
		endangered species.				
		10.4 Describe the relationship				
		between genes, chromosomes				
		and DNA and how DNA structure				
		was discovered; explain how				
		characteristics are inherited and				
		predict the probability of specific				
		characteristics, such as eye				
		colour, being inherited by				
		offspring; describe, ising				
		examples of plants and/or				
		animals, how a product is				
		genetically modified and the				
		potential advantages.				
9	Big Idea 6	6.3 Describing chemical reactions	Practical: Displacement	Expected prior	Links:	BBC Bitesize:
	Reactions 2	in terms of atomic models and	reaction patterns nd	knowledge:	Checklist 6.3	https://www.bbc.c
	6.3 Types of	predicting the products of	trends	Y7	Checklist 6.4	o.uk/bitesize/topic
	reaction	reactions such as combustion		6.2 Metals and non-		s/zypsgk7
	6.4 Chemical	and thermal decomposition; use		metals		
	energy	the law of conservation of mass		Y8		
		to explain observations and		Climate – burning		
		calculate the mass of reactants		reactions impact on		
		and products; write balanced		environment		
		symbol equations for chemical				
		reactions		Knowledge revisited in:		
				GCSE		



		6.4 Explain exothermic and		Broad range of chemistry		
		endothermic reactions with		topics		
		reference to bond energies and				
		represent the reactions using				
		energy level diagrams				
10	Big Idea 2	2.3 Describe how magnets	Required enquiry skill AT	Expected prior	<u>Links:</u>	BBC Bitesize:
	Electromagnets	interact and use magnetic field	10: Carry out practical	knowledge:	Checklist 2.3	https://www.bbc.c
	2	models to explain strength of	procedures using		Checklist 2.4	o.uk/bitesize/topic
	2.3 Magnetism	fields and observations about the	instructions without	KS2		<u>s/zrvbkqt</u>
	2.4	Earth's magnetic field	guidance and in a calm	Magnets attract and		
	Electromagnetis		fashion with due regard	repel; some materials are		
	m	2.4 Constructing and	to the safety of others:	magnetic		
		investigating the strength of	All practicals in topic	1.3 Non-contact forces		
		electromagnets; describing how		2.2 Current behaviour		
		electromagnetic devices such as	Full investigation:			
		bells an loudspeakers work.	What affects the strength	Knowledge revisited in:		
			of an electromagnet?	GCSE		
				P15 Electromagnetism		
				How DC motors work;		
				electromagnetic induction		
				in generators and		
				transformers		
	Disease and	TBC	TBC	TBC		
	Immunity					



Yr9 To	opic Area	Key knowledge/skills (what has to be learnt)	Examples of required practicals for students	Knowledge/Skills revisited and to be revisited	What does good look like?	Resources/support at home
	Cell structure and transport	What can be seen under a light and an electron microscope and how to calculate magnification. The similarities and differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells and orders of magnitude. How cells differentiate to form specialised cells. How the structure of different types of animal and plant cells relates to their function. The roles of osmosis and active transport in the movement of materials in and between cells. How the surface area to volume ratio varies according the size of an organism. How to calculate surface area to volume ratio. Why large multicellular organisms need special systems for exchanging	Required practical: Looking at cells Required practical: Investigating osmosis in plant cells	KS3 Revisited content: 8.2 Cells: observing cells, plant and animal cells, movement of cells.	Please see the published checklists on the website. For students to be assessed as having 'mastered' the curriculum they should be competent in the Aiming for 6 criteria. Students who have progressed beyond mastery are competent in many aspects of the Aiming for 8 criteria.	Kerboodle suite (online textbook and activities assigned by teacher) BBC Bitesize KS3: https://www.bbc.co.uk /bitesize/topics/zc3g87 h



B2	Cell division	The role of chromosomes in cells and		KS3 Revisited	Kerboodle
		the importance of the cell cycle.		content: 8.2.3	Google classroom
		,		Specialised cells	BBC Bitesize
		The type of cell division that forms			My GCSE Science
		the gametes and the way normal			
		body cells grow and divide.			
		How cell differentiation varies in animals and plants.			
		The production and use of plant clones.			
		What stem cells are and how			
		treatment with them may be used to			
		treat people with different medical			
		conditions. Potential benefits, risks,			
		social and ethical issues in the use of			
		stem cells in medical research and treatments.			
В3	Organisation	How specialised cells are organised	Required practical: Food tests	KS3 Revisited	Kerboodle
	and the	into tissues and how several tissues		content: 8.4	Google classroom
	digestive	work together to form an organ.	Required practical: The effect of	Nutrients, food tests,	BBC Bitesize
	system		pH on the rate of reaction of	digestive system,	My GCSE Science
		The importance of the digestive	amylase	bacteria and	
		system and the position of the main organs.		enzymes in digestion.	
		organis.			
		The basic structure of carbohydrates,			
		proteins and lipids.			
		How enzymes work as biological			
		catalysts. The way the structure of			



		enzymes is related to their function. The factors that affect enzyme action. The roles played by different digestive enzymes in the body. How digestion is made more efficient.		
B4	Organising animals and plants	The structure and function of the human circulatory system. The role and components of blood. The structure and function of the different blood vessels and the heart. The way of solving problems with heart and blood supply to the heart. The structure and function of the human gas exchange system. The adaptations of the alveoli of the lungs for effective gas exchange. The mechanisms of breathing. The importance of ventilating the lungs to maintain steep concentration gradients. The tissues and organs in plants. The role of the leaf stomata in gas exchange in a plant. How evaporation and transpiration are controlled in plants.	KS3 Revisite content: 8.3 Breathing ar exchange. 9.4 Leaves	Kerboodle Google classroom BBC Bitesize My GCSE Science
B5	Communicabl e disease	The role of bacteria, viruses, protists and bacteria in diseases.		Kerboodle Google classroom BBC Bitesize



		How the human defense responses work. How your white blood cells protect you from disease.			My GCSE Science
C1	Atomic Structure	Understanding the key developments in our development of a model for the structure of the atom and how atoms bond to each other to form compounds. Describing and explaining separation techniques.			Kerboodle Google classroom BBC Bitesize
C2	The Periodic Table	Understanding how the Periodic Table was developed based on the trends and patterns of reactions between elements. Understanding how the properties of the different groups are related to their electronic structure with particular focus on groups 1 and 7.	Displacement Reactions		Kerboodle Google classroom BBC Bitesize
C3	Structure and Bonding	Explaining the difference between metals and non-metals in terms of structure and bonding of atoms.	Cooling curves Testing conductivity		Kerboodle Google classroom BBC Bitesize
P1	Conservation and dissipation of energy	How to work out energy stored in a moving object or when it is lifted or stretched How energy is stored and transferred and what happens afters it is used How to compare machines and appliances in terms of their efficiency		KS3 Revisited content: Food and fuels, energy and power, energy adds up, energy dissipation, work, energy and machines	Kerboodle Google classroom BBC Bitesize
P2	Energy transfer by heating	How energy is transferred by heating through conduction How to work out the energy needed to heat an object	Determining the heat capacity of a metal Testing sheets of materials as insulators	KS3 Revisited content: Energy and temperature, energy transfer: particles,	Kerboodle Google classroom BBC Bitesize



				energy transfer: radiation and insulation	
P3	Energy resources	How to compare different renewable and non renewable energy resources How the environment is affected by the use of different energy resources		KS3 Revisited content: Energy resources	Kerboodle Google classroom BBC Bitesize
P6	Molecules and matter	How different states can be described using a particle model. How latent heat can be used to calculate the energy required for state change. How the properties of pressure, volume and temperature are related in a gas.	Calculating density	KS3 Revisited content Energy transfer: particles	Kerboodle Google classroom BBC Bitesize My GCSE Science